

# THE BASICS OF HOME IRRIGATION







Everyone wants a beautiful yard with lush, green grass, vibrant shrubs, and beautiful trees.





### BEFORE WE START

ALWAYS CHECK WITH
YOUR LOCAL WATER
MANAGEMENT DISTRICT
TO MAKE SURE THERE
ARE NO WATERING
RESTRICTIONS IN
EFFECT THAT SPECIFY
WHICH DAYS OF THE
WEEK YOU CAN WATER.

Go to fawn.ifas.ufl.edu for links to your water management district.





### TIME CLOCK





### TIME CLOCK

Become familiar with your time clock. Learn how to move it to the off position after a rain event – this simple task can save a tremendous amount of water... and money.

Your time clock needs to be told 3 important things.

- Which days to water
- · What time to begin
- How long in each zone



### TIME CLOCK (cont.)

#### Which days to water:

- Operate manually during watering restriction
- Every 3-5 days in the summer
- Every 10-14 days in the winter

#### **However!**

It's best to let your grass/plants tell you when to water. When 30% of the grass or leaves show wilt, they need water.



### TIME CLOCK (cont.)

What time to begin:

Less evaporation occurs when you water:

- Early in the morning
- Late in the afternoon
- During the evening

Be sure to check your local watering restriction



### TIME CLOCK (cont.)

How long each zone should run:

Generally, 1/2 - 3/4 of an inch of water is enough to wet the root zone of your plants



#### **APPLICATION RATE**

- Try the following test to determine your irrigation system application rate.
- First, download the application rate form below this presentation.



#### APPLICATION RATE (cont.)

- Irrigation System Application rate Test:
- Place 5-10 tuna cans around your yard and run your system for 15 minutes
- Measure the amount collected in each can and calculate the average amount collected

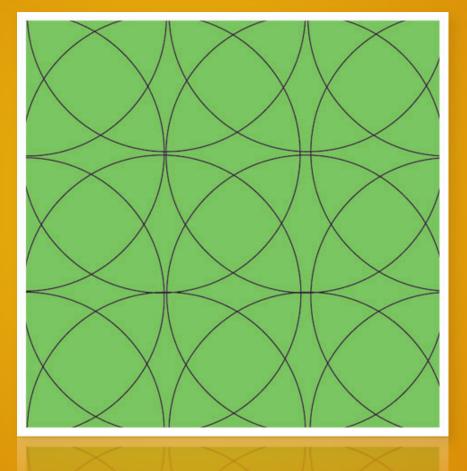


#### APPLICATION RATE (cont.)

- Irrigation System Application rate Test:
- Adjust for hourly application rate by multiplying the average by 4.
- Enter your calculated rate into the downloaded form to determine your system run time.



### UNIFORMITY





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A well design irrigation system will provide 100% coverage.

- Sprinklers will intersect
- Use your rate test to determine uniformity
- 25% Variance is adequate
- Water should not come in contact with streets, driveways and non planted areas.
- Check Sprinkler heads for obstructions



## RAIN SUTOFF SENSOR





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- All irrigations systems installed after 1991 are required to have a rain shutoff sensor.
- If it's raining and your system is running, it's time to replace your sensor.
- Check you sensor for proper operation.
   If your sensor is working properly, it will not operate during rain events.



## RAIN SUTOFF SENSOR (cont.)

- During a rain event, use several tuna cans to collect a pre determined amount of water.
- Once that amount has been collected you can set your device to that amount, and manually engage your system.
- If the sensor is working properly, the system will not operate.



## MAINTENANCE





**Test Your System** 

Periodically run your system and inspect it for leaks and clogged hoses.



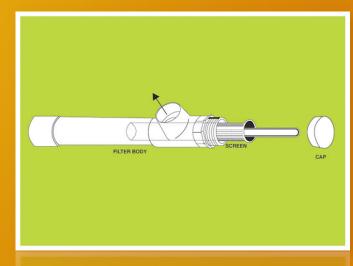
**Adjust Sprinkler Heads** 

- Only watering your landscape and/or lawn
- Check Sprinkler head position at right angles to the ground
- Make sure Sprinkler heads deploy above the grass



#### **Inspect and Clean Filters**

 Sprinklers use filters to prevent spray nozzles from becoming clogged, so inspect them weekly, and clean or replace them as necessary.





Inspect rain shutoff device

Make sure your rain shutoff sensor is exposed to unobstructed rainfall and away from the spray from the irrigation system.

Test with the method talked about on slide 16



**Check controller** 

As mentioned before, tell your time clock:

Which days to water, what time to begin, and how long in each zone.



### IN CONCLUSION

- Water only when your plants and lawn need water.
- Make sure your system is applying the correct amount of water, and covers uniformly
- Maintain your system
- Understand your time clock
- Make sure your rain sensor is working properly



### RESOURCES

For a list of resources visit the links section of the FAWN website at fawn.ifas.ufl.edu



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